## In the Claims

The following Listing of Claims replaces all prior versions in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently amended) Spectrometry diagnostic electronic circuit comprising digital data detection means corresponding to detected pulses and amplitude measurement means to associate a measured amplitude with a detected pulse (24), wherein pulse rejection means (25) use detected digital data to reject every pulse with a width that exceeds a pulse width threshold (te) and any new pulse during a programmed time interval (T3), if a first pulse has been detected during the programmed time interval, and wherein calibration means include a histogram memory to sort digital data corresponding to the detected pulses that were not rejected by the pulse rejection means by calibration energy range when the detected pulses originate from a standard source.
- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Currently amended) Spectrometry diagnostic electronic circuit set forth in claim 1, whereinfurther comprising:
- sort means (28, 26) to sort firstly all detected pulses and secondly detected pulses that were not rejected by the pulse rejection means, by detection energy range-(25), and
- count means (29, 27) to count firstly all detected pulses and secondly detected pulses that were not rejected by the pulse rejection means, by detection energy range (25).
- 4. (Currently amended) Spectrometry diagnostic electronic circuit according to claim 1, <u>further comprising wherein</u> at least one circular memory (M1, M2) stores to store digital data at a configurable rate (K2).
- 5. (Currently amended) Spectrometry diagnostic electronic circuit according to claim 1, wherein further comprising means for excluding pulses exclude pulses for which the measured amplitude is less than an amplitude threshold value (Es).

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6. (Currently amended) Spectrometry diagnostic electronic circuit according to claim 1, wherein further comprising at least one input amplifier (A) for amplifying amplifies detected analogue pulses and at least one analogue/digital converter (A/N) converts for converting the detected analogue pulses into said digital data.

- 7. (Currently amended) Spectrometry diagnostic electronic circuit set forth in claim 6, wherein further comprising the circular memory (M1, M2) memorises the for memorizing history of data output from the analogue/digital converter-(A/N).
- 8. (Currently amended) Particle counting system including particle detection means to form detected pulses and means (15) of processing the detected pulses, wherein the processing means (15) include a spectrometry diagnostic electronic circuit as set forth in claim 1 emprising digital data detection means corresponding to detected pulses and amplitude measurement means to associate a measured amplitude with a detected pulse (24), wherein pulse rejection means (25) use detected digital data to reject every pulse with a width that exceeds a pulse width threshold (te) and any new pulse during a programmed time interval (T3), if a first pulse has been detected during the programmed time interval.
- 9. (Currently amended) Particle counting system set forth in claim 8, wherein the processing means (15)-include a shared random access memory (19)-connected to a communication network-(20).
- 10. (Previously presented) Particle counting system set forth in claim 8, wherein the particles are hard X-rays.